OUNTRY	Hungary	
	Parachute Training Over Gyoer	1
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VALUATION.	PLACE OBTAINED	<u>.</u> 25)
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DATE OF COM	EDDATE PREPARED_ 2 September 1954	
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	ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE)	_
EMARKS	This is UNEVALUATED	-
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1.	Between October 1951 and October 1952, parachute training was practiced at Gyoer (4747 N/1738 E) airfield by Hungarian male and female youths who, upon reaching their 15th birthday, voluntarily joined the Hungarian Association of Fighters for Freedom (MSZSZ) (Magyar szabadságharcos szoevetség). The MSZSZ conducted training courses in driving, parachuting.	
	Gyoer (4747 N/1738 E) airfield by Hungarian male and female youths who, upon reaching their 15th birthday, voluntarily joined the Hungarian Association of Fighters for Freedom (MSZSZ) (Magyar szabadságharcos szoevetség). The MSZSZ conducted training courses in driving, parachuting, Prior to the parachute training, a preliminary course was a week in the yard of the former staff of teachers in Gyoe course involved athletics, jumping, and the folding up of parachutes. During the first four weeks, only preparatory practices for parachute jumping were made. The students were lifted by a thick rope running over reels to a wooden trestle from which they were released at different altitudes. The rate of fall was considerably reduced by the sliding friction of the rope. In the fifth week, practices in folding up the parachutes were started. In the eighth week, the first parachute jump was made. Groups of 10 to 12 students were dropped from a twin-engine aircraft of the Maszovlet Airlines over Gyoer airfield at an altitude of about 900 meters. Each jumper was equipped with two parachutes including one back-pack chute, 54 square meters large. Four or five additional jumps with the back-pack chute were made and subsequently jumps were conducted during which the jumper opened the chute himself.	
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2.	Gycer (4747 N/1738 E) airfield by Hungarian male and female youths who, upon reaching their 15th birthday, voluntarily joined the Hungarian Association of Fighters for Freedom (MSZSZ) (Magyar szabadságharcos szoevetség). The MSZSZ conducted training courses in driving, parachuting, Prior to the parachute training, a preliminary course was a week in the yard of the former staff of teachers in Gyce course involved athletics, jumping, and the folding up of parachutes. During the first four weeks, only preparatory practices for parachute jumping were made. The students were lifted by a thick rope running over reels to a wooden trestle from which they were released at different altitudes. The rate of fall was considerably reduced by the sliding friction of the rope. In the fifth week, practices in folding up the parachutes were started. In the eighth week, the first parachute jump was made. Groups of 10 to 12 students were dropped from a twin-engine aircraft of the Maszovlet Airlines over Gycer airfield at an altitude of about 900 meters. Each jumper was equipped with two parachutes including one back-pack chute, 54 square meters large. Four or five additional jumps with the back-pack chute were made and subsequently jumps were conducted during which the jumper opened the chute himself. Parachute jumps by the MSZSZ were also made over Tata (4738 N/1818 E) airfield by members of the training course from Szombathely (4715 N/1637 E). Comment. The report confirms and supplements available information on parachuting in Gycer by the MSZSZ. Gycer airfield is used only by commercial aircraft and for pre-military training.	25) 25) 25)